Math 30 – Geometry –Test 3 – Fall '12 Instructions: Name_

Write all responses on separate paper. Show your work for credit. Write in complete sentences.

- 1. If a radius is perpendicular to a chord, prove that it bisects the chord.
- 2. Prove that the farther a chord is from the center of a circle, the smaller it is.
- 3. Consider the circle at right with diameter *A*-*O*-*B* and tangents \overrightarrow{AD} and \overrightarrow{BC} .
 - a. Prove that *ABCD* is a trapezoid. Use a two-column statement/reason style proof. Do not assume any other theorem.
 - b. Prove that $\angle DCB + \angle CDA = 180^{\circ}$
 - Type equation here. c. Prove that $\angle AOE + \angle ADE = 180^{\circ}$
 - d. Prove that $\angle AOE = \angle BCE$ Type equation here.
 - e. For what value of $\angle ADE$ is $\angle AOE = 2 \angle BOE$? Explain.
 - 4. In the figure at right, $\triangle ABC$ is circumscribed around the circle.
 - a. If CF = 1 and AC = 3, what is CB?
 - b. If CE = BE and AC = 5, what is







- 6. Find the circumference of a circle with diameter 22.8 m. Round to the nearest tenth of a meter.
- 7. If ray PQ and ray PR are two tangents to a circle at points A and B from a common point P outside the circle and PQ = 35 yd, find PR.
- 8. Quadrilateral ABCD is inscribed in a circle with $\angle B$ opposite $\angle D$. If $m \angle C = 75^\circ$, find $m \angle A$.
- 9. What is the area of a circle if it has a circumference of 22π meters?

For problems 10-12 refer to the figure at right.

- **10.** If $m \angle 1 < m \angle 2$, what is the relationship between \widehat{PQ} and \widehat{RS} ?
- **11.** If $m\widehat{PQ} < m\widehat{RS}$, which is closer to the center *O*, \overline{PQ} or \overline{RS} ?
- **12.** $m \angle 1 < m \angle 2$, what is the relationship between PQ and RS?



- **13.** Determine the locus of points. All points in a triangle shaped grassy area where a goat could be staked and feed on all the grass while requiring the shortest possible rope.
 - (a) one point, the in-center of the triangle
 - (b) one point, the centroid of the triangle
 - (c) one point, the orthocenter of the triangle
 - (d) one point, the circumcenter of the triangle